Amber-Pocasset Public School District Foster Care Plan

Under the requirements of the federal Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) Section 1112(c)(5)(B) Title I educational stability provisions take effect on December 10, 2016. By such date, each school district shall have a Foster Care Plan developed and disseminated to all stakeholders.

In Section 1111(c)(5) of ESSA, the school district must collaborate with the Child Welfare Agency and Tribal Child Welfare Agencies (CWA) to implement the Title I educational stability provisions. Therefore, each school district shall develop a clear, written Foster Care Plan. As such, the Foster Care Plan for Amber-Pocasset Public School District shall be as follows:

1. LEA Point of Contact and responsibilities.

   The district school counselor will designate at least one person to serve as the Foster Care Point of Contact (POC). The POC may also be the homeless student coordinator. This designation shall be updated annually. The name of this person will be turned in to the OSDE through the online Grants Management System by September 30th of each year. If additional staff members are needed to meet the requirements, the superintendent will make assignments as deemed necessary. The POC will work in the best interest of the child to ensure that all educational requirements are being met.

   The POC will work closely with the CWA to:
   
   - Coordinate with the corresponding child welfare agency POC to implement Title I provisions;
   - Lead the development of a process for making the best interest determination;
   - Document the best interest determination;
   - Facilitate the transfer of records and immediate enrollment;
   - Facilitate data sharing with the child welfare agencies, consistent with FERPA and other privacy protocols;
   - Develop and coordinate local transportation procedures;
   - Manage best interest determinations and transportation cost disputes;
   - Ensure that children in foster care are enrolled in and regularly attending school; and
   - Provide professional development and training to school staff on the Title I provisions and educational needs of children in foster care, as needed.

2. Decision-making process.

   A committee will meet to determine if the school of origin is not in the best interest of each foster care child and the appropriate placement of the child. The committee will be comprised of the site administrator or representative, the LEA’s POC, and a member of the CWA. In emergency circumstances the CWA has the authority to make an immediate decision regarding
the school placement, and then consult with the LEA and revisit the best interest determination of the child. In the event of a disagreement regarding school placement for a child in foster care, the CWA will be considered the final decision maker in making the best interest determination. The CWA is uniquely positioned to assess vital non-educational factors such as safety, sibling placements, the child’s permanency goal, and other components of the case plan. The CWA also has the authority, capacity, and responsibility to collaborate with and gain information from multiple parties including parents, children, schools and the court in making these decisions.

3. The type of documentation or records that should be shared between parties.

Foster care parents, social workers or other legal guardians will be allowed to immediately enroll children in foster care in the school district without having the necessary paperwork (birth certificates, shot records, academic records, special education records, etc.) This is to help aid the student with a smooth transition into the district. The receiving school district will contact the school district of origin for the records and make adaptations as needed. After enrollment, the following guardianship or legal custody documents shall be provided for verification by the foster family or CWA:

- Power of attorney
- Affidavit
- Court Order

Amber-Pocasset school district will share education records with the CWA that are allowed by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and other state privacy laws. This allows educational agencies to disclose without parental consent educational records, including IDEA, of students in foster care to the CWA.

4. Collaborative structure, such as regularly scheduled meetings, in which relevant individuals can participate in a particular process.

The POC will meet with the site administrator, school counselor, classroom teacher, and foster parent as needed to discuss the progress of the child in foster care and will document the results of meetings. All decisions will be made utilizing a collaborative team approach to determine what will be in the best interest of the child.

5. The best interest determination regarding the child’s school placement.

Amber-Pocasset school district has one (1) elementary, one (1) middle school, and one (1) high school. Every student is placed in the appropriate site according to their grade level. The final determination as to what is in the best interest of the child will be made by the CWA.

6. Transportation procedures and cost.

Amber-Pocasset school district has one (1) elementary, one (1) middle school, and one (1) high school. Transportation to each site is provided for every student who attends school and lives
within district boundaries. This transportation is provided regardless if they are homeless, in foster or temporary care, or living with legal parents/guardians.

7. **Clear, written policies that will remove barriers to immediate enrollment and record transfers for children in foster care.**

Amber-Pocasset Board of Education has adopted board policy FD to eliminate any barriers to enrollment and/or transfer of educational records for children in foster care.